

## Topics in Basic Analysis: Homework 7

1. Let

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} x^2 \sin \frac{1}{x}, & x \neq 0 \\ 0, & x = 0 \end{cases}.$$

- a) Using differentiation formulas from calculus, show that  $f$  is differentiable for all  $x \neq 0$  and find a formula for  $f'(x)$ ,  $x \neq 0$ .
- b) Use the definition of derivative to show that  $f$  is differentiable at  $x = 0$  and that  $f'(0) = 0$ .
- c) Show that  $f'$  is not continuous at  $x = 0$ .

2. Let

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} x \sin \frac{1}{x}, & x \neq 0 \\ 0, & x = 0 \end{cases}.$$

- a) Prove that  $f$  is not differentiable at  $x = 0$ .
- b) Is  $f$  continuous at  $x = 0$ ? Justify your answer.

3. Suppose that  $f$  is differentiable at  $x = a$ . Prove the following statements.

- a)  $\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(a+h) - f(a)}{h} = f'(a)$
- b)  $\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(a+h) - f(a-h)}{2h} = f'(a)$

4. Prove that  $|\cos x - \cos y| \leq |x - y|$  for all  $x, y \in \mathbb{R}$ .5. Suppose that  $f$  is differentiable on  $\mathbb{R}$  and that  $f(0) = 0$ ,  $f(1) = 1$ , and  $f(2) = 1$ .

- a) Show that  $f'(x) = \frac{1}{2}$  for some  $x \in (0, 2)$ .
- b) Show that  $f'(x) = 0$  for some  $x \in (1, 2)$ .

6. Let  $f : \mathbb{R} \mapsto \mathbb{R}$  be a function such that  $|f(x) - f(y)| \leq (x - y)^2$  for all  $x, y \in \mathbb{R}$ . Prove that  $f$  is a constant functions.7. Show that  $x < \tan x$  for all  $x \in (0, \pi/2)$ .8. Show that  $x/\sin x$  is a strictly increasing function on  $(0, \pi/2)$ .9. Show that  $x \leq \frac{\pi}{2} \sin x$  for  $x \in [0, \pi/2]$ .10. Suppose that  $f$  is differentiable on  $\mathbb{R}$ ,  $1 \leq f'(x) \leq 2$  for all  $x \in \mathbb{R}$ , and that  $f(0) = 0$ . Prove that  $x \leq f(x) \leq 2x$  for all  $x \geq 0$ .11. Find the Taylor series for  $\cos x$  centered at 0, and prove that it converges to  $\cos x$  for all  $x \in \mathbb{R}$ .